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Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the Continuation-in-Part patent application of:
Inventor Richard A. Baker, has made an invention pertaining to:

For: SYSTEM FOR PROGRAMMING A FACTORY AUTOMATION DEVICE USING A WEB
BROWSER

Enclosed are:

X 8 pages specification, 7 pages of claims, 1 page of Abstract and 2 sets of 5
sheets of informal drawings (Figures 1-6).

X An executed Assignment of the invention to the Schneider Automation Inc.

X An executed Declaration combined with Power of Attorney.

FEE CALCULATION

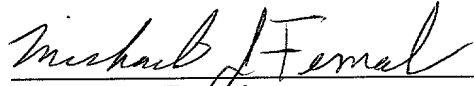
	Claims Filed / Extra	Rate	Basic Fee 37 CFR 1.16(a) \$ 690.00
Total Claims(37 CFR 1.16(a))	4 - 20 = 26 x	\$18.00	\$ 468.00
Independent Claims	1 - 3 = 0 x	\$78.00	\$ 0.00
TOTAL FILING FEE			\$ 1,158.00

X Please charge my Deposit Account No. 19-3875 (SAA-34-1).

X \$ 1,158.00 to cover the total filing fee of \$ 1,158.00.

X Any additional fees which may be required. Please credit any overpayment to Account No. 19-3875 (SAA-34-1).

Respectfully submitted,



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

Title Line One:: SYSTEM FOR PROGRAMMING A FACTORY AUTOMAT
Title Line Two:: ION DEVICE USING A WEB BROWSER
Total Drawing Sheets:: 5
Formal Drawings?:: No
Application Type:: Utility
Docket Number:: SAA-34-1
Secrecy Order in Parent Appl.?:: No

Source:: PrintEFS Version 1.0.1

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**SYSTEM FOR PROGRAMMING A FACTORY AUTOMATION DEVICE
USING A WEB BROWSER**

TECHNICAL FIELD

Applicants' invention relates generally to the field of factory automation devices and more particularly to a system for coupling a network of factory automation devices through an internetwork to a monitoring and control device.

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent No. 6,061,603 which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application No. 09/303,458, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application No. 08/927,005. This application is also related to the following, commonly assigned application, entitled "Apparatus for Controlling Internetwork Communications," U.S. Patent Application No. 08/926,837. The contents of these Applications are expressly incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Remote monitoring and control of systems and processes have taken many forms. In the past, dedicated lines became the most common forms of communication between a control system and a remote location. This has limited application since the control system was not

accessible from multiple locations. Modems have made it possible to access the control system from different locations, but these types of systems are generally restricted to downloading and uploading data files. Providing any type of control function between locations is rather limited in this type of environment. Further, an end user generally requires a customized interface to access the control system.

With the growth of the Internet, and its World Wide Web providing a delivery platform for organizing Internet data through hypertext links, a client server system can be designed that will provide each end user the same type of a user friendly interface with the same universal access to services on the Web. The Web is a network of documents called sites or pages stored on server computers throughout the world. Each page will usually contain text, some type of multimedia offerings such as graphic images, video, or audio, and possible hypertext links to other documents. A browser allows a user to view the pages and interact with the choices associated with it. The browser is a graphical software program that sends commands to the Internet Web site and displays whatever information is available on the page. Various browser programs are commercially available from different manufacturers.

The Internet network employs methods designed to handle thousands of general purpose computers sharing a single cable and therefore has no ability to differentiate traffic in terms of its purpose or the criticality of its data. The Internet is no longer a network of computers sharing a single cable, but rather a web of interconnected point to point links involving both general purpose stations and specialized infrastructure components such as routers and firewalls.

The type of network device used by the end user to connect to the Web is of no regard, i.e., personal computer, work station, PDA, cell phone, etc. Communication over the Internet and other networks requires one of several types of protocols. Protocols such as Internet Protocol (IP) provide for file transfers, electronic mail, and other services. A Sun Microsystem programming language known as Java, along with Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) used in designing layouts and graphics for a Web site or page have extended Internet technology such that a web site can be used for dynamic applications, commonly called applets, that can be downloaded and run by the end user. These applets are interpreted and run within a Web browser and have been generally restricted to word processing and similar uses. Downloading and running applets can be slow in comparison to other types of compiled languages. Security rules imposed on a browser and enforced by the underlying Java language prevent applets from

obtaining certain data from any other device other than the Web server itself.

Factory automation devices such as programmable logic controllers (PLCs) and IO modules are widely used in industry and process control. Many manufacturers provide factory automation information using Microsoft Windows and other types of communication networking environments. These networks are usually slow, are not universally accessible and are limited to monitoring and data exchange. Control may be implemented, but since the communication networks are non-deterministic, control is not real time. Specialized industrial networks using proprietary fieldbus alternatives can be very expensive. Conversion products are required to allow information carried over those networks to be visible on a general purpose network. There are significant installation and other deployment costs associated with the existence of such intermediate devices. Firewalls between the Web server and the application are designed to solve problems of security and are not designed for high performance.

Programming a factory automation device, such as a programmable logic controller (PLC), in these environments has many shortcomings. With a variety of PLCs available in an integrated control system, making changes or updates may be difficult and expensive. The program package uses valuable memory within the PLC that can be more effectively utilized in other areas. Sharing of PLC resources to create and edit programs run on the PLC can diminish the PLC's capability and utility.

It would be desirable to develop an automation control system whereby a user could use general, commercial networks such as the Internet, in place of specialized industrial networks to remotely edit new and existing factory automation control devices such as PLCs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention includes a system for programming an application program controlling a factory automation device on a communication network. The system for programming the factory automation device comprises a programming device operably connected to the communication network. A program package resident in the programming device is used for creating and editing the application program. At least one web page resides on the programming device and is operably connected to the program package. The web page is accessible to a user using a web browser to edit the application program controlling the factory automation device.

A further object of the present invention is to provide remote programmability of a factory automation device contained in an industrial control system. Updates to the operating software of the factory automation device can also be transferred through the Internet access. Residing in a programming device is a program package accessible to a user on the Internet. The user can edit programs controlling the operation of the factory automation device. The factory automation device's operating software can be transferred to the programming device from a remote location or from the programming device to the factory automation device.

Yet another object of the invention allows for easy access over a commercial network such as the Internet to a device for programming an application program of a factory automation device, preferably a programmable logic controller (PLC). Access can be made locally or worldwide using a commercial Web browser. The invention is comprised of a control system of essential elements including, but not limited to a Web interface, a local network, and a network interface to at least one PLC control system running an application program for controlling output devices in response to status of input devices. The Web interface runs Web pages from an Ethernet board coupled directly to the programming device and includes a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) interpreter, a programming device driver, a Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) stack, and an Ethernet board kernel. The Web interface provides access to the programming device by a user at a remote location through the Internet. The interface translates the industry standard Ethernet, TCP/IP and HTTP protocols used on the Internet into data recognizable to the programming device. Using this interface, the user can retrieve all pertinent programming data regarding the operation of the PLC, including PLC configuration, Input/Output (I/O), registers, operating statistics, diagnostics, and distributed I/O configurations.

Another object of the present invention is to provide an interface between a programming device and an industrial control system coupled to a network such as the Internet.

Another object of the present invention is to provide remote access through a web browser to operating program information and data contained in an industrial control system having a factory automation device.

Other features and advantages of the invention, which are believed to be novel and nonobvious, will be apparent from the following specification taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which there is shown a preferred embodiment of the invention.

Reference is made to the claims for interpreting the full scope of the invention which is not necessarily represented by such embodiment.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIGURE 1 shows the a control network according to the present invention;

FIGURE 2 shows an overview block diagram of a control system illustrating the relationship between a user at a remote location and an Internet Web site used for editing an operating program for a factory automation device operably connected to process control system according to the present invention;

FIGURE 3 is a basic block diagram of the present invention illustrating a programming device and a factory automation device operably connected to a network;

FIGURE 4 is a block diagram of the Web server module illustrated in Figure 2;

FIGURE 5 is an alternative embodiment of the present invention; and,

FIGURE 6 is a mimic page of the operating program's ladder logic available to a user at a remote location utilizing a browser which illustrates the present invention for programming the application program controlling a factory automation device operably connected to a network.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Although this invention is susceptible to embodiments of many different forms, a preferred embodiment will be described and illustrated in detail herein. The present disclosure exemplifies the principles of the invention and is not to be considered a limit to the broader aspects of the invention to the particular embodiment as described.

Figure 1 shows an overview block diagram of a system illustrating the relationship between a user 2 at a remote location and an Internet web site 4 used for programming an application software of a factory automation device, preferably a PLC 32. The user 2 will have a programming device, preferably a personal computer (PC) 8, having a commercially available browser 10, such as Netscape Communication's Navigator or Microsoft's Internet Explorer, installed for viewing the contents at the web site 4 through a network, such as the Internet 14. The PC 8 provides a remote human-machine interface (HMI) to the communication network 14 and the devices operably connected on the network. Various interconnection services are readily available to provide the physical and electrical interconnection from the PC 8 to the Internet 14.

The Internet 14 is a collection of independent world wide communication networks that are interconnected to each other and function as a single connectionless entity. Communication is based on a client-server basis, using a number of established protocols that allow for communication and file transfers between the client and the server. The most widely used protocol is Internet Protocol (IP).

The web site 4 includes a network interface 16 having an unique Internet address 18, a server 20, and an application program 22. The server 20 acts as a hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP) interpreter which uses Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) in conjunction with Internet Protocol, through a Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) stack 24 to interact with the network interface 16 and the application program 22. This enables the transfer of the application program 22 to the PLC 32 through the Internet 14. The application program 22 provides an operating program to the PLC 32. The PLC 32 operating program can be created or edited remotely from the PLC and then transmitted to the PLC for use in the communication network when desired. The TCP/IP stack 24 enables data transfers over the Internet 14 between the user 2 and the web site 4 as required for the various layers specified by the IP protocol.

The user 2 can connect to the Internet 14 using one of a number of Internet service providers and will enter the address of the web site 4 when connected. The web site 4 will display a home page which may contain text, some type of multimedia offerings such as graphic images, video, or audio, and possible hypertext links to other documents. The browser 10 will allow the user 2 to view the page and interact with the choices associated with it. The browser 10 will send commands to the web site 4 which will use the application program 22 to display whatever information is available from the PLC's operating program. The browser 10 functions as a remote human-machine interface (HMI) with the communication network and PLC's operating program.

Figure 2 shows a basic block diagram of the present invention illustrating an Internet interface to a communication network having a PLC 32 and a programming device 21. The web site 4 includes the network interface 16 having an unique Internet address 18 and a web server 30. The web server 30 provides the home page for the website 4. A firewall or security for the overall system can be included in the web server 30, but is generally maintained as part of the network interface 16. In addition to providing security for various pages at the site, the user can

disable the web server 30. A password and user list is provided in initial configuration files stored in the web server 30 that are downloaded from a remote server. Protection of the configuration file is then provided by the remote server and the web server 30 through the password and the user list. The web server 30 provides a direct connection for a programming device 21 to the Internet. The web server 30 provides both a client and server interface. All signals between the programming device 21 and the web server 30 can be through the network 34. The communication signals include addressing, control, data, and power. The client interface allows a user to send commands to a remote node over the Internet and the server interface allows for processing commands that originated from a remote node. Creating and editing the PLC operating program from a remote HMI is possible without involving the resources associated with the PLC 32.

Associated with the PLC 32 are its application programs 36, dual port memory 38, programming device 21 and Input/Output (I/O) modules 40. The application programs 36 include a ladder logic program for controlling the I/O modules 40 of the network. The web server 30 functions as a node on a TCP/IP network 42 allowing it to send data and commands to a device on the network and receive the response. Although the TCP/IP network 42 in the preferred embodiment is an Ethernet network, other high level protocols could be used. Using a web browser at a remote location through the Internet 14, a user can view and edit the PLC's operating program.

A program package 33, using either Java or HTML, resides within a programming device 21. The programming device 21 is operably connected to the network and can be physically placed near or far from the PLC 32. The program package 33 is based on Ethernet and Web technology and allows editing of the application program 36 by the user using a programming device 21, preferably a personal computer 8. The application programs 36, stored as either a ladder logic or an IEC 1131 language program, are viewed and saved as PLC programs within the programming device 21, accessible using either the standard HTTP or custom PLC protocols that run over TCP/IP. The information needed to edit the operating program, including web pages for the editing procedures, reside in the programming device 21, preferably the program package 33. The program package 33 converts the PLC operating programs to and from formats needed for editing with a browser 10. The program package 33 also includes a symbol editor 37 and a language editor 39. The user 2 will be able to view, create and edit the PLC application

programs 36 from anywhere a browser 10 is available. A firewall or security for the programming device 21 maintained as part of its network interface prevents unauthorized users from accessing the program package 33.

In addition to providing the ability to edit the application programs 36 by providing a File Transfer Protocol (FTP) based view of the application programs 36, file backup and restore can be handled through standard programming tools, allowing the user to manage the application programs 36 directly and efficiently and to also use standard revision control software to manage the application programs 36. Further, since all the symbols can be stored within the programming device 21, any device capable of interfacing with the network 14, i.e., PDA, cell phone, etc., can be used to edit the application program 36. Alternatively, the comments and symbols can be stored on another network device, such as a PC, that is physically separated from the programming device 21.

A user at a remote location can edit the operating program of the PLC 32 by accessing a web page associated with the program package 33 via the Internet. A mimic page shown in Figure 4, represents some of the hardware physically connected to the programmable logic controller system that can be constructed utilizing graphical editing techniques that are part of the present invention. The present invention allows a user at a remote location, using a browser, to create and edit a PLC operating program by adding and deleting various components illustrated in the mimic page. Figure 4 shows a simple motor start-stop control in ladder logic diagram form that could be available as a mimic page to the user. The mimic page diagram will be accessed using a browser which will allow the user to view the graphic representing the operating program of the PLC 32. Rearranging the components on the mimic page will result in a different operating program. The program can be saved on the programming device 21 for later transfer to the PLC 32. Alternatively, the user can edit or create the PLC's operating program without using the graphic mimic page.

It is also to be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art that the communication network can comprise any combination of wired and wireless technology.

While the specific embodiments have been illustrated and described, numerous modifications are possible without departing from the scope or spirit of the invention.

CLAIMS

I claim:

1. A system for programming an application program controlling a factory automation device on a communication network, comprising:

a programming device operably connected to the communication network;

a program package embedded in the programming device, the program package for creating and editing the application program;

at least one web page resident on the programming device and operably connected to the program package, wherein the web page is accessible to a user using a web browser to edit the application program controlling the factory automation device.

2. The system of claim 1 wherein the web browser is resident within the programming device.

3. The system of claim 1 wherein the programming device is resident within the factory automation device.

4. The system of claim 1 wherein the application program is viewed as an at least one file within the programming device, accessible on the communication network using a standard File Transfer Protocol.

5. The system of claim 1 wherein the application program is converted by the program package and viewed on the web browser through either Java or HTML.

6. The system of claim 5 wherein the program package further includes a symbol editor and a language editor and wherein all symbols are stored within the programming device, allowing any authorized device coupled to the communication network to edit the application program.

7. The system of claim 1 wherein the factory automation device is a programmable logic

controller.

8. The system of claim 1 wherein the factory automation device is an IO module.

5 9. The system of claim 1 wherein the communication network is Ethernet.

10. The system of claim 1 further including an interface module for operably connecting the programming device to the communication network.

10 11. The system of claim 10 wherein the interface module includes:
a real time operating system operating a central processing unit;
a network interface for communicating with the communication network;
a driver for communicating with the programming device;
a protocol stack;
a client task for communicating with the protocol stack for initiating received requests;
a server task for communicating with the protocol stack for responding to received requests; and,
a protocol task for communicating with the protocol stack for receiving and responding to protocol task requests.

12. The system of claim 11 wherein the communication network is a world-wide network known as the Internet using an Internet Protocol (IP).

25 13. The system of claim 12 wherein the interface module functions as a web site on the Internet, the interface module including a global IP address.

14. The system of claim 13 wherein the protocol stack is a Transmission Control Protocol stack and wherein the protocol task includes a server task using a hypertext transport protocol (HTTP) task to deliver hypertext documents to the network interface.

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15. The system of claim 14 wherein the HTTP task accepts a connection, parses an HTTP request, and calls the real time operating system to process the request.

16. The system of claim 15 wherein the interface module further includes a dual TCP/IP stack for data transferring comprising a first stack capable of handling a broad range of TCP/IP messages and a second stack capable of handling a less broad range of TCP/IP messages more quickly than the first stack.

17 A system for programming an application program controlling a factory automation device on a communication network, comprising:

means for coupling the factory automation device to the communication network;
means for editing the application program resident in a programming device; and,
an at least one Web page resident in the programming device, the Web page linked to the editing means resident in the programming device, wherein the Web page is accessible to a user using a web browser coupled to the communication network through the coupling means, and wherein the Web page allows the user to access the editing means to edit the application program controlling the factory automation device.

18. The system of claim 17 wherein the web browser is resident within the programming device.

19. The system of claim 17 wherein the programming device is resident within the factory automation device.

20. The system of claim 17 wherein the communication network is Ethernet.

21. The system of claim 17 wherein the application program is viewed as files within the programming device, accessible to the communication network using a standard File Transfer Protocol.

22. The system of claim 17 wherein the editing means includes a program package

whereby the application program is converted by the program package and viewed as either Java or HTML.

23. The system of claim 22 wherein the program package further includes a symbol editor and a language editor wherein all symbols are stored within the programming device, allowing any authorized device coupled to the communication network to edit the application program.

24. The system of claim 17 wherein the coupling means includes an interface module, the interface module including:

- a real time operating system operating a central processing unit;
- a network interface for communicating with the communication network;
- a driver for communicating with the programming device;
- a protocol stack;
- a client task for communicating with the protocol stack for initiating received requests;
- a server task for communicating with the protocol stack for responding to received requests, and,
- a protocol task for communicating with the protocol stack for receiving and responding to protocol task requests.

25. The system of claim 24 wherein the communication network is a world-wide network known as the Internet using an Internet Protocol (IP).

26. The system of claim 25 wherein the interface module functions as a web site on the Internet, the interface module including a global IP address.

27. The system of claim 26 wherein the protocol stack is a Transmission Control Protocol stack and wherein the protocol task includes a server task using a hypertext transport protocol (HTTP) task to deliver hypertext documents to the network interface.

28. The system of claim 27 wherein the HTTP task accepts a connection, parses an

HTTP request, and calls the real time operating system to process the request.

29. The system of claim 28 wherein the interface module further includes a dual TCP/IP stack for data transferring comprising a first stack capable of handling a broad range of TCP/IP messages and a second stack capable of handling a less broad range of TCP/IP messages more quickly than the first stack.

30. A method of programming an application program for controlling a factory automation device operably connected to a communication network, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a programming device for accessing the application program;
viewing the application program using a web browser operably connected to the programming device; and,
editing the application program via a program package resident in the programming device.

31. The method of claim 30 further including transferring the application program to the factory automation device.

32. The method of claim 30 wherein the web browser is resident within the programming device.

33. The method of claim 30 wherein the programming device is resident within the factory automation device.

34. The method of claim 30 wherein the application program is viewed as an at least one file within the programming device, accessible on the communication network using a standard File Transfer Protocol.

35. The method of claim 34 wherein the application program is converted by the program package and viewed on the web browser through either Java or HTML.

36. The method of claim 35 wherein the program package further includes a symbol editor and a language editor and wherein all symbols are stored within the programming device, allowing any authorized device coupled to the communication network to edit the application program.

37. The method of claim 30 wherein the factory automation device is a programmable logic controller.

38. The method of claim 30 wherein the factory automation device is an IO module.

39. The method of claim 30 wherein the communication network is Ethernet.

40. The method of claim 30 further including an interface module for operably connecting the programming device to the communication network.

41. The method of claim 40 wherein the interface module includes:

- a real time operating system operating a central processing unit;
- a network interface for communicating with the communication network;
- a driver for communicating with the programming device;
- a protocol stack;
- a client task for communicating with the protocol stack for initiating received requests;
- a server task for communicating with the protocol stack for responding to received requests; and,
- a protocol task for communicating with the protocol stack for receiving and responding to protocol task requests.

42. The method of claim 41 wherein the communication network is a world-wide

43. The method of claim 42 wherein the interface module functions as a web site on the Internet, the interface module including a global IP address.

45. The method of claim 44 wherein the HTTP task accepts a connection, parses an HTTP request, and calls the real time operating system to process the request.

46. The method of claim 45 wherein the interface module further includes a dual TCP/IP stack for data transferring comprising a first stack capable of handling a broad range of TCP/IP messages and a second stack capable of handling a less broad range of TCP/IP messages more quickly than the first stack.

ABSTRACT

A control system for programming an application program controlling a factory automation device on a communication network having a programming device operably connected to the communication network. A program package is embedded in the programming device and is used for creating and editing the application program. At least one web page is resident on the programming device and operably connected to the program package. The web page is accessible to a user using a web browser to edit the application program controlling the factory automation device.

(101753.1)

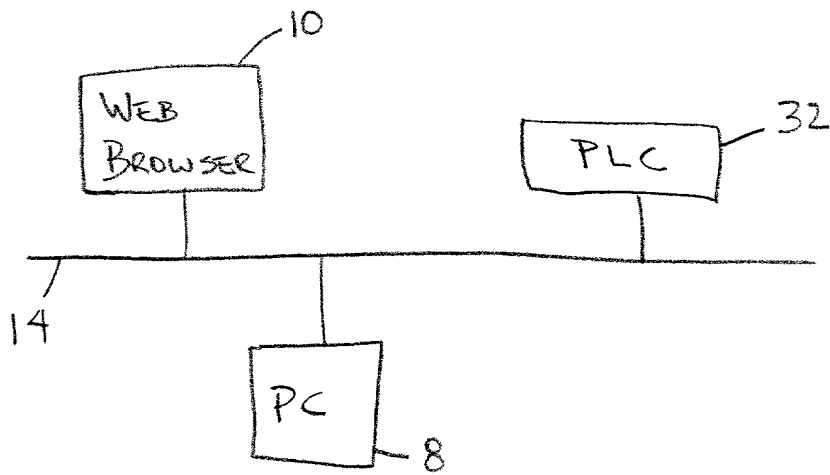


FIGURE 1

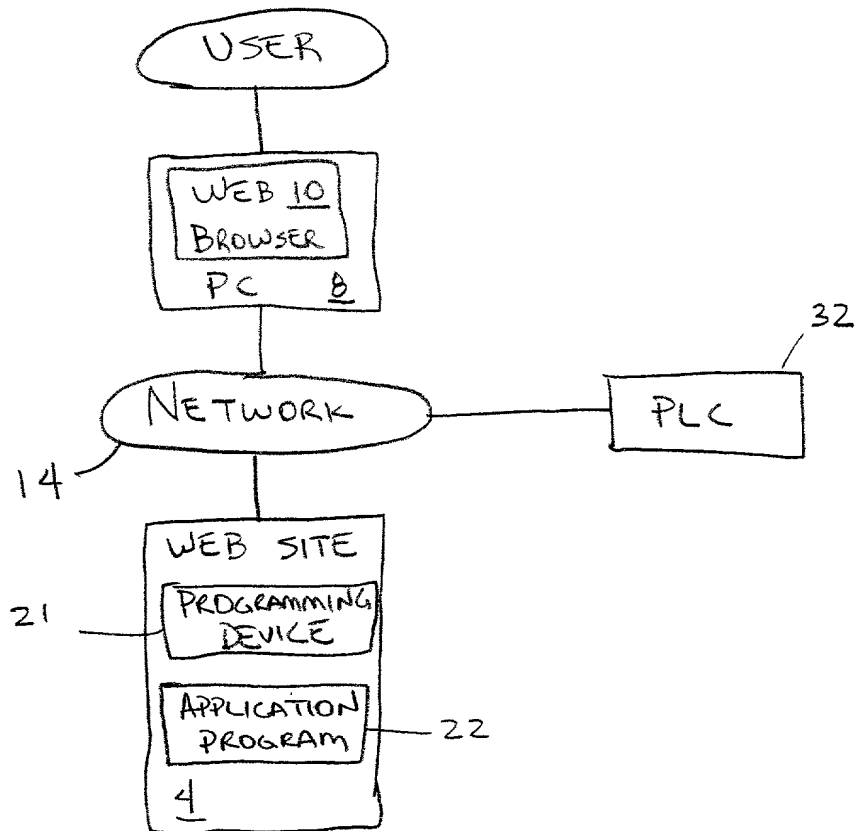


FIGURE 2

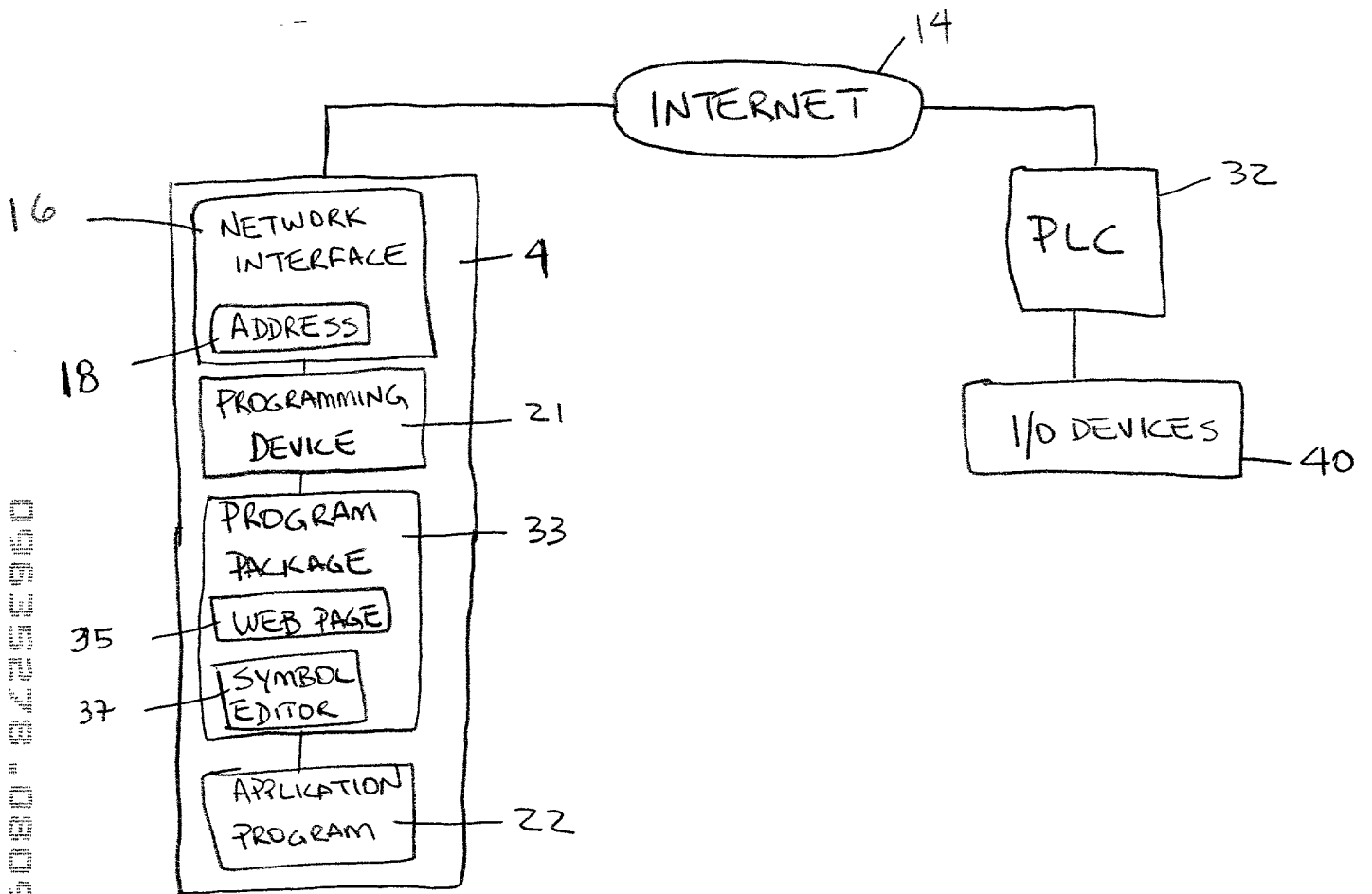


FIGURE 3

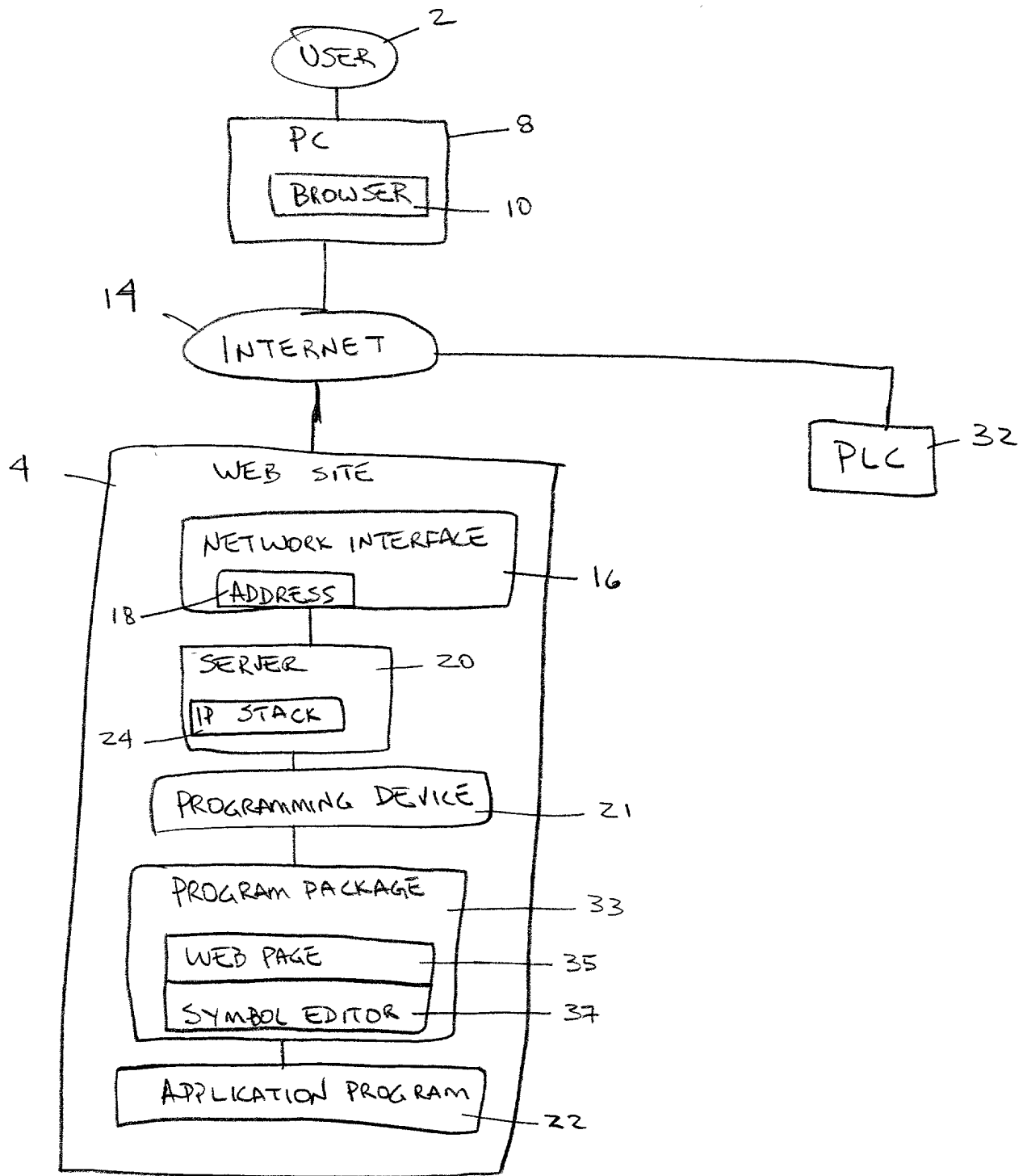


FIGURE 4

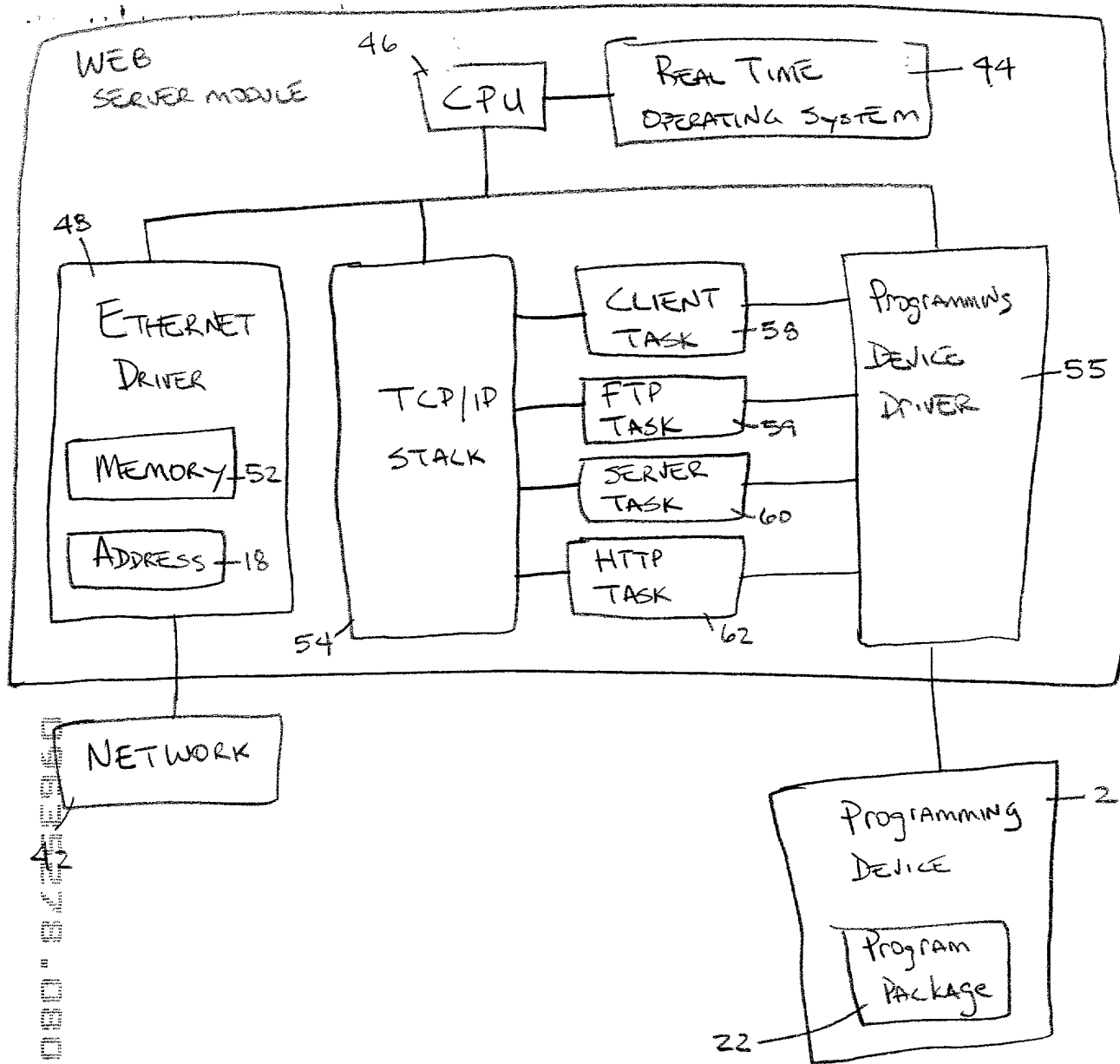


FIGURE 5

As a below-named inventor, I(We) hereby declare that:

(1) My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

(2) The below-named inventor(s) is/are the original, first inventor(s) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "SYSTEM FOR PROGRAMMING A FACTORY AUTOMATION DEVICE USING A WEB BROWSER", Attorney Docket No. SAA-34-1, the specification of which:

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as Application Serial No. _____.

(3) I(We) hereby state that I(We) have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

(4) I(We) acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

(5) I(We) hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

			Priority Claimed
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes or No
			Priority Claimed
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year Filed)	Yes or No

(6) I(We) hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I(We) acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a), regarding events which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)

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[illegible]

Direct all telephone calls to: Michael J. Femal at 847/925-3452

(8) I(We) hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that statements made on information and belief are delivered to be true; and further that these statements made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Inventor's Signature: [Signature]
Date of Execution: 25 July 2000

Citizenship: United States of America

Post Office Address: _____
(If different from Residence Address)